



SCHEME OF SYLLABUS

BA.LLB(H)

AS PER CREDIT SHEET 2024-25

5<sup>TH</sup> SEMESTER

SUBJECTS	CODE
Jurisprudence	SLL-BALLB-501
Administrative Law	SLL-BALLB-502
Company Law	SLL-BALLB-503
BNSS - I	SLL-BALLB-504
CPC - I	SLL-BALLB-505
Environmental Law and SDGs	SLL-BALLB-506
Summer Internship (Report and Viva)	SLL-BALLB-507

**Semester: 5<sup>th</sup> Semester**

<b>Subject</b>	<b>Jurisprudence</b>
<b>Subject Code</b>	<b>SLL-BALLB-501</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>

**Program Outcomes:**

PO 1.	Identify and recall key legal concepts, terminology, statutes, and landmark cases relevant to various fields of law
PO 2.	Explain the structure, functions, and core principles of national and international legal systems
PO 3.	Use appropriate legal doctrines and procedures to resolve practical legal issues and case scenarios.
PO 4.	Examine facts, identify relevant legal issues, and distinguish between competing legal arguments and interpretations.
PO 5.	Draft clear, logical legal texts such as case briefs, legal opinions, and research papers using sound legal reasoning.
PO 6.	Assess the effectiveness, fairness, and impact of laws and judicial decisions, and suggest justified reforms or alternatives.

**Course Outcomes:**

CO 1	Understand the key schools of jurisprudence and critically analyze their philosophical foundations and implications in law.
CO 2	Evaluate the relationship between law and morality, comparing the perspectives of Natural Law Theory and Legal Positivism.
CO 3	Examine the role of law in society through the lens of Sociological and Analytical Jurisprudence.
CO 4	Critically assess modern legal theories such as Critical Legal Studies and Feminist Jurisprudence, focusing on their impact on legal reform and social justice.

**Unit 1: Introduction to Jurisprudence**

- a. Definition and Scope of Jurisprudence
  - i. Nature, meaning, and significance of Jurisprudence.
  - ii. Jurisprudence as a science, philosophy, and theory of law.
- b. Law and Morality
  - i. The relationship between law and morality.
  - ii. Natural law and legal positivism in the context of morality.
  - iii. Hart v. Devlin and Hart v. Fuller debate
- c. Judicial Morality – A case study
  - i. Moral Questions .
  - ii. Semantic Questions
  - iii. Private , Public and Constitutional Morality

**Unit 2: Jurisprudential School of Thoughts**

- a. Natural Law Theory
  - i. Classical Natural Law: Aristotle, Cicero, and Aquinas
  - ii. Modern Natural Law: John Locke, Jean-Jacques Rousseau, and Immanuel Kant
  - iii. Criticism and Relevance of Natural Law in Contemporary Legal Systems
- b. Legal Positivism
  - i. Definition and Key Principles of Positivism

- ii. Theories of John Austin and H.L.A. Hart
- iii. Kelsen's Theory of Pure Science of Law
- iv. Criticism of Legal Positivism
- v. Analytical Positivism – Indian Perspective.
- c. Legal Realism
  - i. Basic Features of Realist School
  - ii. The Speluncian Explorers Case
  - iii. Realism in Indian Context

### **Unit 3: Law and Social Theory**

- a. **Sociological Jurisprudence**
  - i. Definition and Historical Development
  - ii. Contributions of Roscoe Pound and Eugen Ehrlich
  - iii. The Role of Law in Society: Social Engineering and the Function of Law
- b. **Historical School of Jurisprudence**
  - i. Volksgeist as a source of law
  - ii. Henry Maine's views on Development of Law.
  - iii. Indian Perspective
- c. Society and Class Struggle- Karl Marx
- d. Feminist Jurisprudence

### **Unit 4: Juridical Concept**

- a). **Legal Rights and Duties**
  - i. Theories and essential elements of legal rights
  - ii. Corelation between Rights and Duties
  - iii. Hohfeld's analysis of Jural Relations
- b. **Possession and Ownership**
  - i. Elements and theories of possession.
  - ii. Elements and kinds of ownership
  - iii. Ownership and possession distinguished
- c. **Justice**
  - i. Justice as virtue
  - ii. Justice as Fairness- Rawls's Theory of Justice
  - iii. Entitlement theory of Justice - Nozick's Response to Rawls.

#### **SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES:**

- a. Class debates on controversial topics like "Is law neutral?" or "Can law exist without morality?"
- b. Analyse landmark cases with the application of jurisprudential theories (e.g., Natural Law or Legal Positivism)
- c. Conduct role-playing simulations where students take on the roles of famous legal theorists (e.g., H.L.A. Hart, Roscoe Pound) and argue from their perspectives on contemporary legal issues.

**Text Books Referred:**

1. "Jurisprudence: Theory and Practice" by P. S. Atchuthan (2nd Edition, Eastern Book Company, 2017)
2. "Jurisprudence" by S. C. Tripathi (7th Edition, Central Law Agency, 2019)
3. "Introduction to Jurisprudence" by M. D. A. Freeman (9th Edition, Sweet & Maxwell, 2017)
4. "Jurisprudence" by V. D. Mahajan (14th Edition, Eastern Book Company, 2021)

**Reference Books/Additional Books:**

1. "The Concept of Law" by H. L. A. Hart (3rd Edition, Oxford University Press, 2012)
2. "Jurisprudence: A Study of Indian Legal Theory" by N. V. Paranjape (2nd Edition, Central Law Agency, 2016)
3. "The Common Law" by Oliver Wendell Holmes Jr. (Reprint Edition, Harvard University Press, 2009)
4. "Feminist Jurisprudence: From the Frontiers" by Frances E. Olsen (1st Edition, Routledge, 2016)

**Semester: 5<sup>th</sup>**

<b>Subject</b>	<b>Administrative Law</b>
<b>Subject Code</b>	<b>SLL-BALLB-502</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>4</b>

**Program Outcomes:**

PO 1.	Identify and recall key legal concepts, terminology, statutes, and landmark cases relevant to various fields of law
PO 2.	Explain the structure, functions, and core principles of national and international legal systems
PO 3.	Use appropriate legal doctrines and procedures to resolve practical legal issues and case scenarios.
PO 4.	Examine facts, identify relevant legal issues, and distinguish between competing legal arguments and interpretations.
PO 5.	Draft clear, logical legal texts such as case briefs, legal opinions, and research papers using sound legal reasoning.
PO 6.	Assess the effectiveness, fairness, and impact of laws and judicial decisions, and suggest justified reforms or alternatives.

**Course Outcomes:**

CO 1	Understand the nature, sources, and functions of administrative law and its evolution in India
CO 2	Analyse the principles of natural justice and understand the scope and limitations of administrative discretion
CO 3	Comprehend the concept and types of delegated legislation, and evaluate mechanisms for administrative accountability
CO 4	Explore judicial review principles and the liability of public authorities, with a focus on administrative actions and remedies

**Unit 1 Introduction to Administrative Law**

- a. Meaning and Nature of Administrative Law
- b. Sources of Administrative Law
- c. Functions of Administrative Law
- d. Growth of Administrative Law in India

**Unit 2 Principles of Natural Justice and Administrative Discretion**

- a. Concept of Natural Justice: Audi Alteram Partem (Right to a fair hearing) and Nemo Judex in Causa Sua (Rule against bias); Judicial interpretation of Natural Justice in India; Exceptions to Natural Justice

- b. Administrative Discretion: Scope, Legal Limits, Abuse of Discretion and Remedies Available
- c. Rule of Law: Dicey's theory; Judicial review of administrative actions based on the Rule of Law

### **Unit 3 Delegated Legislation and Accountability**

- a. Delegated Legislation: Concept, Types, Constitutional and Statutory Limitations, Parliamentary and Judicial Controls over delegated legislations
- b. Doctrine of *Ultra Vires*
- c. Accountability of Administrative Bodies: Mechanism, Role of Ombudsman (Lokpal, Lokayuktas) and Central Vigilance Commission; Right to Information Act, 2005 (RTI) and its impact on administrative accountability; Judicial review as a tool for ensuring accountability

### **Unit 4 Judicial Review and Liability of Public Authorities**

- a. Concept and scope of judicial review.
- b. Grounds of judicial review: Illegality, Irrationality, Procedural Impropriety, and Proportionality.
- c. Judicial review in India: Case laws and principles (e.g., *Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India*, and others).
- d. Judicial review and protection of fundamental rights under Articles 14, 19, and 21
- e. Liability of Public Authorities
  - a. Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity and its exceptions.
  - b. Tortious liability of public authorities.
  - c. Judicial remedies for breach of administrative duties (including writs).

#### **SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES:**

- a. Visit to an Administrative Tribunal or Ombudsman Office
- b. Draft and submit a Right to Information (RTI) application to a public authority, following the proper legal process. After receiving the response, analyse it and discuss the effectiveness of RTI in promoting administrative accountability.
- c. Drafting a Petition for Judicial Review
- d. Write a policy brief on a pressing administrative law issue (e.g., improving transparency in administrative decisions, challenges in judicial review, or reforming the functioning of regulatory agencies). Present their policy recommendations in a concise and accessible format.

#### **Text Books Referred:**

1. M.P. Jain & S.N. Jain, "Principles of Administrative Law" (Lexis Nexis, Latest Edition).
2. I.P. Massey, "Administrative Law" (Eastern Book Company, Latest Edition).
3. Dr. S.P. Sathe, "Administrative Law" (Lexis Nexis, Latest Edition).
4. D.D. Basu, "Shorter Constitution of India" (Prentice Hall, Latest Edition).

**Reference Books/Additional Books:**

1. H.W.R. Wade & C.F. Forsyth, "Administrative Law" (Oxford University Press, Latest Edition)

**Case Studies:**

1. Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India, (1978) 1 SCC 248
2. Union of India v. Tulsiram Patel, (1985) 3 SCC 398
3. R. v. Secretary of State for the Home Department, ex parte Simms, [2000] 2 AC 115 (House of Lords)
4. L. Chandra Kumar v. Union of India, (1997) 3 SCC 261
5. K.K. Verma v. Union of India, AIR 1954 SC 520
6. State of Uttar Pradesh v. Johri Mal, (2004) 4 SCC 714
7. Bihar State Electricity Board v. Maharaj Krishna Rao, (1996) 9 SCC 405
8. Rajasthan State Electricity Board v. Mohan Lal, AIR 1967 SC 1857
9. Swadeshi Cotton Mills v. Union of India, (1981) 2 SCC 1
10. B. R. Sharma v. Union of India, (1996) 6 SCC 704
11. D.K. Yadav v. J.M.A. Industries Ltd., (1993) 3 SCC 259
12. Kesavananda Bharati v. State of Kerala, (1973) 4 SCC 225
13. Javed v. State of Haryana, (2003) 8 SCC 369
14. State of West Bengal v. Anwar Ali, AIR 1952 SC 75

**Semester: 5<sup>th</sup>**

<b>Subject</b>	<b>Company Law</b>
<b>Subject Code</b>	<b>SLL-BALLB- 503</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>3</b>

**Program Outcomes (POs):**

PO 1.	Identify and recall key legal concepts, terminology, statutes, and landmark cases relevant to various fields of law
PO 2.	Explain the structure, functions, and core principles of national and international legal systems
PO 3.	Use appropriate legal doctrines and procedures to resolve practical legal issues and case scenarios.
PO 4.	Examine facts, identify relevant legal issues, and distinguish between competing legal arguments and interpretations.
PO 5.	Draft clear, logical legal texts such as case briefs, legal opinions, and research papers using sound legal reasoning.
PO 6.	Assess the effectiveness, fairness, and impact of laws and judicial decisions, and suggest justified reforms or alternatives.

**Course Outcomes (COs):**

<ol style="list-style-type: none"><li>1. Understand the fundamentals of company formation, types, and legal personality under the Companies Act, 2013.</li><li>2. Analyze the structure and governance of companies, focusing on the roles, powers, and responsibilities of directors and shareholders.</li><li>3. Apply corporate finance concepts such as share capital, debentures, and dividends in the context of legal provisions and compliance.</li><li>4. Critically evaluate the processes of corporate insolvency and winding up, including the legal framework under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC)</li></ol>
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**Unit 1: Basics of Company Law and Formation**

- a. Nature and characteristics of a company
- b. Incorporation of a company and essential documents (MoA & AoA)
- c. Corporate personality and lifting of the corporate veil
- d. Classification of companies (private, public, OPC, Section 8, etc.)

**Unit 2: Company Management and Internal Structure**

- a. Memorandum and Articles of Association: contents and legal effect
- b. Prospectus and share capital: types and legal implications of misstatements
- c. Directors: appointment, roles, duties, and liabilities
- d. Company meetings: types, procedures, and resolutions passed

**Unit 3: Share Capital and Members' Rights**

- a. Shareholders and members: rights and responsibilities
- b. Types of shares and the concept of share capital
- c. Transfer and transmission of shares
- d. Debentures: features and distinction from shares



#### **Unit 4: Governance, Compliance, and Winding Up**

- a. Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and statutory obligations
- b. Fraud, insider trading, and role of the Serious Fraud Investigation Office (SFIO)
- c. Prevention of oppression and mismanagement: legal remedies
- d. Winding up of companies: types and legal procedures

#### **SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES:**

- a. Case Study Analysis
- b. Legal Research and Writing Workshops
- c. Visit to NCLT or NCLAT

#### **Text Books Referred:**

1. Avtar Singh, *Company Law* (18th Edition, Eastern Book Company)
2. S.C. Sarkar, *Company Law* (Vol. 1 & 2, 2020, Eastern Law House)
3. N.D. Kapoor, *Elements of Company Law* (2017, Sultan Chand & Sons)

#### **Reference Books/Additional Books:**

1. Sealy & Worthington, *Textbook on Company Law* (9th Edition, Oxford University Press)
2. Ramaiya, *Guide to the Companies Act* (19th Edition, LexisNexis)

**Semester: 5<sup>th</sup>**

<b>Subject</b>	<b>BNSS - I</b>
<b>Subject Code</b>	<b>SLL-BALLB- 504</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>3</b>

**Program Outcomes:**

PO 1.	Identify and recall key legal concepts, terminology, statutes, and landmark cases relevant to various fields of law
PO 2.	Explain the structure, functions, and core principles of national and international legal systems
PO 3.	Use appropriate legal doctrines and procedures to resolve practical legal issues and case scenarios.
PO 4.	Examine facts, identify relevant legal issues, and distinguish between competing legal arguments and interpretations.
PO 5.	Draft clear, logical legal texts such as case briefs, legal opinions, and research papers using sound legal reasoning.
PO 6.	Assess the effectiveness, fairness, and impact of laws and judicial decisions, and suggest justified reforms or alternatives.

**Course Outcomes:**

CO 1	Identify the stages in investigation and procedure of trial in criminal cases.
CO 2	Explain the powers, functions, and duties of police and criminal courts.
CO 3	Critically analyse the recent amendments in the Cr PC.
CO 4	Employ and promote adoption of humane and just practices in administration of criminal justice

**UNIT-1 Object and Importance of BNSS**

- a. Functionaries under the Cr.P.C
- b. Basic Concepts: Bailable Offence, Non-Bailable Offence, Cognizable Offence, Non-cognizable Offence, Complaint, Charge, Police Report, Investigation, Inquiry and Trial, Summons Case, Warrant Case
- c. Hierarchy, powers and Duties of Criminal Courts
- d. Arrest and Rights of an Arrested Person

**UNIT-2 Process to compel Appearance**

- a. Process to compel appearance of person
- b. Process to Compel Production of Things
- c. Provision for Bail under the BNSS
- d. Procedure of Investigation

### **UNIT-3 Types of trials**

- a. Sessions Trial, Warrant Trial, Summons Trial, Summary Trial
- b. Submission of Death Sentences for Confirmation
- c. Execution, Suspension, Remission and Commutation of Sentences
- d. Plea Bargaining

### **UNIT-4 Initiation of proceedings before Magistrate**

- a. Complaint to Magistrate
- b. Jurisdiction of the Criminal Courts in Inquiries and Trials
- c. Framing of Charges and Joinder of Charges
- d. Maintenance

### **TEXT BOOKS-**

- Ratanlal & Dhirajlal, Criminal Procedure, Lexis Nexis Butterworths Wadhwa, Nagpur, 23<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- S.C. Sarkar, The Law of Criminal Procedure, Lexis Nexis, 12<sup>th</sup> Edition

#### **Desired Readings:**

- Ratanlal & Dhirajlal, Criminal Procedure, Lexis Nexis Butterworths Wadhwa, Nagpur, 23<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- C K Thakker, Takwani Criminal Procedure, 4<sup>th</sup> edn., Lexis Nexis, 2015.
- K.N. Chandrasekharan Pillai, R.V. Kelkar's Lectures on Criminal Procedure, Eastern Book Company, 2013
- S. N. Misra, Code of Criminal Procedure, 22<sup>nd</sup> edn., Central Law Publications, 2020.
- S.C. Sarkar, The Law of Criminal Procedure, Lexis Nexis, 12<sup>th</sup> Edition
- Aiyer, Mitter, Law of Bails- Practice and Procedure, Law Publishers (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2012
- P.V. Ramakrishna, Law of Bail, Bonds, Arrest and Custody, Lexis Nexis, 2008
- P.K. Majumdar, Law of Bails, Bonds and Arrest, Orient Publication, 2012
- Justice P.S. Narayana, Code of Criminal Procedure, ALT Publications, 2012
- Bare Act of Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973

### **Case Law (by way of illustration)**

- Arnesh Kumar v. State of Bihar, AIR 2014 SC 2756
- Joginder Kumar v. State of U.P. and Ors., (1994) 4 SCC 260
- State Through CBI v. Dawood Ibrahim Kaskar, AIR 1997 SC 2494
- Sunder Singh v. State Of Uttar Pradesh, AIR 1956 SC 411
- Nandlal Wasudeo Badwaik v. Lata Nandlal Badwaik and Anr., AIR 2014 SC 932
- Lalita Kumari v. Govt. of U.P. and Ors., 2014 Cri.L.J. 470
- Surender Kaushik and Ors. v. State of Uttar Pradesh and Ors., AIR 2013 SC 3614
- Mrs. Priyanka Srivastava & Anr. v. State of UP & Ors, 2015 (96) SCC 287
- Mohd. Yousuf v. Smt. Afaq Jahan and Anr., AIR 2006 SC 705
- Sakiri Vasu v. State of U.P. and Ors., AIR 2008 SC 907
- State of N.C.T. of Delhi v. Mukesh, (2013) 2 SCC 58

- Pakala Narayana Swami v. Emperor, AIR 1939 PC 47
- George & Ors v. State Of Kerala, (1998) 4 SCC 605
- State Of Maharashtra v. Sharad B. Sarda, 1983 (1) Bom CR 578
- Bhupinder Singh & Ors v. Jarnail Singh & Anr on 13 July, 2006
- CBI v. Anupam Kulkarni, (1992) 3 SCC 141
- Devender Kumar v. State of Haryana 2010 Cri.L.J. 3849

**Semester: 5<sup>th</sup>**

<b>Subject</b>	<b>Code of Civil Procedure - I</b>
<b>Subject Code</b>	<b>SLL-BALLB-505</b>
<b>Credits</b>	<b>3</b>

**Program Outcomes:**

PO 1.	Identify and recall key legal concepts, terminology, statutes, and landmark cases relevant to various fields of law
PO 2.	Explain the structure, functions, and core principles of national and international legal systems
PO 3.	Use appropriate legal doctrines and procedures to resolve practical legal issues and case scenarios.
PO 4.	Examine facts, identify relevant legal issues, and distinguish between competing legal arguments and interpretations.
PO 5.	Draft clear, logical legal texts such as case briefs, legal opinions, and research papers using sound legal reasoning.
PO 6.	Assess the effectiveness, fairness, and impact of laws and judicial decisions, and suggest justified reforms or alternatives.

**Course Outcomes:**

CO 1	To provide a comprehensive understanding of basic principles and concepts of civil procedure, including jurisdiction, powers, and duties of civil courts.
CO 2	Analyze and apply the rules of civil procedure to hypothetical scenarios and case studies by developing critical thinking and problem-solving skills.
CO 3	Develop practical skills of leading a case through legal drafting, pleading and advocacy including preparation of complaints, written statements, and appeals.
CO 4	Demonstrate a thorough understanding of civil procedural law, including the procedures for interim relief, execution of decrees and appeals.

**Unit 1: Introduction to Civil Procedure Code-**

- a. Nature, Scope, and Applicability
- b. Jurisprudential Essence of Civil Procedure code
- c. Inherent Powers
- d. Definition: Cause of Action, Decree, Order, Distinction between decree and order, Judgement, legal representative, Mesne Profits, Decree Holder, Caveat, Foreign Court, Foreign Judgement.
- e. Jurisdiction of Civil Courts (Section 6 & 9)
- f. Meaning of suits of civil nature

**Unit 2: Foreign Judgement and Institution of a suit**

- a. Res Subjudice: Stay of Suit (section 10)
- b. Res Judicata (Section 11)- Nature, scope, conditions and different elements and concepts.
- c. Difference between resjudicata and res-subjudice
- d. Foreign Judgment (Section 13-14)
- e. Place of Suing (Section 16-21A)
- f. Power to Transfer Suit (22-25)

**Unit 3: Interim-proceedings**

- a. Institution of Suit- Section 26 read with order IV
- b. Parties to Suit- order 1 (Misjoinder, Non-Joinder, Plaintiff, Defendant, Proper Party, Necessary Party, effects of Misjoinder and Non-joinder)
- c. Recognized Agents and Pleadings (order III)
- d. Summons Section 27-32 and Order 5
- e. Pleadings: Plaint and Written Statement, Set-off and Counter Claims (Order V, VII, VIII)
- f. Appearance of Parties and Consequences of Non-Appearance (order 9)

**Unit 4: Supplementary Proceedings**

- a. Costs (Section 34-36, order 20A)
- b. Arbitration Conciliation and Mediation (Section 89)
- c. Suit by or against governments
- d. Suit by Indigent persons

**Skill Development Activities:**

1. Group Discussions.
2. Role Play relating to transfer of property
3. Quiz
4. Video Watching

**Required Resource Textbooks:**

1. **Code of Civil Procedure by C K TAKWANI**
2. **MULLA on Civil Procedure (student edition)**

**Statutes:**

Bare Act- **The Code of Civil Procedure, 1908**

Link- Microsoft Word - Act 5 of 1908 new file ([legislative.gov.in](http://legislative.gov.in))

**Articles and Journals:**

- Journal of Indian Law Institute
- Journal of National Law University, Delhi

- All India Reporter
- Supreme Court Cases

**Essential Readings:**

- DN Mathur, Code of Civil Procedure, (Central Law Publication 5th Ed. 2017)
- Avtar Singh, Code of Civil Procedure, (Central Law Publication 4th Ed. 2015)
- MP Jain, Code of Civil Procedure, (Lexis Nexis 4th Ed. 2016)
- JK Das, Code of Civil Procedure, (Prentice Hall India Learning Private Ltd. Ed. 2013)

**Case Laws**

- State of UP V Nawab Hussain AIR 1977 SC 1680.
- NDMC V Satish Chandra AIR 2003 SC 3137
- Reena Mehta V R. R. Mehra AIR 2003 SC 1002
- Begam Sahiba Sultan V Nawab Mohammad Mansoor Ali Khan (2007) 4 SCC 343
- Hasam Abbas Sayyad V Usman Abbas Sayyad (2007) 2 SCC 355
- Bar Association Tamil Nadu V Union of India AIR 2003 SC 179
- Union of India V Adani Exports Ltd. AIR 2002 SC 126
- National Institute of Mental Health V C Permeshwara AIR 2005 SC 212

**Recommended Articles, Other material**

Each session in its description lays down the articles recommended, if any for the particular session.

Semester: 5<sup>th</sup>

Semester: 5 <sup>th</sup> Subject	Environmental Laws and SDGs
Subject Code	SLL-BALLB-601
Credits	4

**Program Outcomes:**

PO 1.	Identify and recall key legal concepts, terminology, statutes, and landmark cases relevant to various fields of law
PO 2.	Explain the structure, functions, and core principles of national and international legal systems
PO 3.	Use appropriate legal doctrines and procedures to resolve practical legal issues and case scenarios.
PO 4.	Examine facts, identify relevant legal issues, and distinguish between competing legal arguments and interpretations.
PO 5.	Draft clear, logical legal texts such as case briefs, legal opinions, and research papers using sound legal reasoning.
PO 6.	Assess the effectiveness, fairness, and impact of laws and judicial decisions, and suggest justified reforms or alternatives.

**Course Outcomes:**

CO 1	Gain a comprehensive understanding of environmental laws in India, their application, and enforcement mechanisms.
CO 2	Be able to critically analyze and evaluate the legal framework for environmental protection in India.
CO 3	Understand the role of public participation, judicial activism, and environmental impact assessment in achieving sustainable development.
CO 4	Be equipped to engage in legal advocacy, policy-making, and practice related to environmental law in India.

**Unit 1 Introduction to Environmental Laws**

- a. Introduction to Environmental Laws of India
- b. Constitutional Framework: Article 48(A), 51A(g), *etc.*
- c. Principles of Environmental Law
  - i. Sustainable Development
  - ii. Polluter Pays Principle
  - iii. Precautionary Principle
  - iv. Public Trust Doctrine
  - v. Intergenerational Equity



## **Unit 2 Environmental Protection Laws**

- a. The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986: Overview, objectives, and significance; Powers and functions of the central government under the Act; Environmental standards and rules framed under the Act; Role of the Ministry of Environment, Forests, and Climate Change (MoEFCC)
- b. The Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981
- c. The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974

## **Unit 3: Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) and Public Participation**

### **a. Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)**

- i. Concept and objectives of EIA
- ii. Regulatory framework under the Environment Impact Assessment Notification, 2006
- iii. Procedures for conducting an EIA: Screening, scoping, and public consultation
- iv. Role of Environmental Clearance (EC) and Environmental Management Plans (EMP)

### **b. Role of Public Participation in Environmental Protection**

- i. Right to a healthy environment under the **Right to Information (RTI) Act**
- ii. Public Interest Litigation (PIL) and its role in environmental protection
- iii. Case studies of PILs on environmental issues in India (e.g., **M.C. Mehta v. Union of India**)

### **c. National Green Tribunal (NGT)**

- i. Establishment, powers, and functions of the NGT
- ii. Jurisdiction and authority of the NGT in environmental matters
- iii. Role in adjudicating environmental disputes
- iv. Case studies of landmark judgments by NGT

## **Unit 4: Introduction to Environmental Studies and SDGs**

- a. Overview of the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)
- b. Environmental Challenges and the SDGs
- c. The Role of Policy and Governance in Achieving SDGs
- d. Sustainable Practices for Global and Local Solutions
- e. Measuring Progress and Global Perspectives on SDGs

**SKILL DEVELOPMENT ACTIVITIES:**

- a. Enroll in Online Certificate Programs: Platforms like Coursera, edX, and NPTEL offer online courses in environmental law and policy.
- b. Intra Class debate on the topic, “Balance between development and environmental protection, corporate responsibility for environmental harm” or “the role of judicial activism in environmental protection”
- c. Visit to NGT

**Text Books Referred:**

1. “Environmental Law in India” by S.C. Shastri
2. “Environmental Law and Policy in India” by K. S. Murali
3. “Environmental Jurisprudence” by P. Leelakrishnan
4. “Environmental Law: Text, Cases & Materials” by S. R. Bhardwaj

**Case Studies:**

1. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, (1987) 1 SCC 395 - Ganga Pollution Case
2. Vellore Citizens Welfare Forum v. Union of India, (1996) 5 SCC 647
3. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, (1989) 3 SCC 1 - Taj Trapezium Case
4. Indian Council for Enviro-Legal Action v. Union of India, (1996) 5 SCC 281 - Shriram Food and Fertilizer Case
5. Narmada Bachao Andolan v. Union of India, (2000) 10 SCC 664
6. T.N. Godavarman Thirumulpad v. Union of India, (1997) 2 SCC 267 - Forest Conservation Case
7. Narmada Bachao Andolan v. Union of India, (2000) 10 SCC 664 - Rehabilitation and Resettlement Case
8. Animal Welfare Board of India v. A. Nagaraja, (2014) 7 SCC 547 - Jallikattu Case
9. Centre for Environmental Law, WWF India v. Union of India, (1997) 2 SCC 588 - Pollution Control Case
10. M.C. Mehta v. Union of India, (2002) 4 SCC 213 - Air Pollution PILs and Emission Control